

Peptides 101

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WHAT IS A PEPTIDE?

Peptides are short chains of amino acids linked by peptide bonds, typically 2–50 residues (small peptides) or up to ~100–200 for longer oligopeptides.

They arise from ribosomal protein synthesis or proteolytic processing, and their properties depend on sequence, length, and side-chain chemistry influence physiology by acting as hormones (e.g., insulin, oxytocin), neurotransmitters (e.g., substance P), or signaling molecules (e.g., natriuretic peptides)

AT THE MOLECULAR LEVEL:

They interact with receptors (Gene Protein Coupled receptors,(GPCRs), tyrosine kinase receptors, ion channels) or modulate enzymes and transporters, triggering second messenger cascades or gene expression changes.



IN MEDICAL USE:

Peptide medicines offer high specificity and potency with generally favorable safety.

They include peptide hormones, peptide drugs (e.g., desmopressin, leuprolide), and peptide-based drugs with enhanced stability via cyclization, and D-amino acids

Therapeutic peptides mimic natural ligands to restore signaling, inhibit enzymes, or block protein–protein interactions.

BPC-157 – The Injury Recovery Powerhouse

- Why it works

BPC-157 ENhances:

- Collagen production and fibroblast migration
- Tendon and ligament healing
- Gastrointestinal tract integrity
- Blood Vessel regeneration
- Inflammation modulation in injured tissue
- Soft tissue injuries (tendonitis, ligament sprains, rotator cuff damage)
- Post-surgical repair
- Intestinal permeability or gut inflammation (leaky gut)
- Stacked with TB-500 for full-body recovery

Oral BPC-157

LactoFerrin is a transport vehicle

Natural occurring IRM-Binding Glycoproteins

LactoFerrin receptors are widely expressed on mucosal surface and various cell types


Enhances bioavailability

Has anti-microbial and anti-inflammatory properties


What is GHK-Cu?

glycyl-L-histidyl-L-lysine


How GHK-Cu Works for Hair

- Stimulates Hair Follicle Activity
 - Improves Collagen and Elastin Production
 - Enhances Blood Flow and Nutrient Delivery
 - Reduces Inflammation in the Scalp
 - Provides Antioxidant Protection
 - Modulates Gene Expression
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Who Should Avoid GHK-Cu?

- Individuals with a history of copper allergies or severe skin sensitivities.
 - active scalp infections or open wounds
 - Pregnant or breastfeeding women should consult
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Sermorelin

- Stimulating the anterior pituitary to release natural GH pulses
 - Increasing IGF-1 production downstream
 - Promoting collagen synthesis and cell proliferation
 - Enhancing deep sleep phases
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Sermorelin – Natural GH Stimulation


Why it works:

- Improved sleep and tissue repair
- Increased fat oxidation and muscle tone
- Reduced inflammation and recovery time
- Long-term endocrine balance

Use in cases:

- GH support for aging athletes or general wellness
- Safer long-term option compared to HGH
- Daily SubQ injections, typically before bedtime
- Often paired with Ipamorelin

Benefits Of Sermorelin For Recovery

1. Muscle Recovery and Growth
 2. Joint and Connective Tissue Health
 3. Sleep and Systemic Recovery
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CJC-1295 - Extended GH Release

Why it works:

CJC-1295 Enhances:

- Endogenous GH secretion
- Sleep quality and rem cycles
- Muscle recovery and cellular repair
- Fat oxidation and lean tissue preservation

Use Cases:

- Growth hormone support without synthetic HGH
- Recovery enhancement during high-volume training
- Long-term anti-aging or physique optimization
- Often stacked with Ipamorelin for synergistic GH pulses

How CJC-1295 Works

CJC-1295 is a synthetic growth hormone-releasing hormone (GHRH) analog designed to stimulate the body's natural pulsatile release of growth hormone (GH).

Benefits Of CJC-1295 For Recovery

- **Muscle and Connective Tissue Repair**
 - **Joint Comfort and Injury Prevention**
 - **Sleep Optimization**
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TB-500

How TB-500 Works


- Promoting angiogenesis (formation of new blood vessels)
- Stimulating actin polymerization, which supports cell migration to injury sites
- Enhancing extracellular matrix remodeling for tissue repair
- Increasing collagen deposition
- Modulating inflammatory responses

Use Cases:

- By reducing fibrosis and enhancing tissue elasticity, TB-500 can restore mobility in joints affected by scar tissue or chronic inflammation.
- Athletes often report improved joint flexibility and reduced stiffness after TB-500 use.
- BPC-157 → stimulates collagen synthesis and gut healing
- TB500 → promotes angiogenesis, cell migration, and tissue remodeling

TB-500 – Full-Body Tissue Repair


Use Cases:

- Multi-site soft tissue recovery
 - Post-surgical healing
 - Chronic inflammation
 - Injury prevention in high-frequency training
 - Often stacked with BPC-157 for synergetic recovery
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TB-500 – Full-Body Tissue Repair

Why it works

TB-500 Promotes:

- Actin regulation, helping cells move to injury sites
 - Angiogenesis, improving blood flow and oxygen delivery
 - Anti-inflammatory effects, reducing swelling and stiffness
 - Scar tissue reductions, improving tissue elasticity and function
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IGF-1 LR3 – Potent Anabolic Growth Factor

Why it works

IGF-1 LR3 Supports:

- Satellite cell proliferation, leading to new muscle fiber formation
- Glucose uptake and nutrient shuttling into muscle cells
- Fat loss, especially when stacked with HGH
- Muscle preservations during calorie deficits or injury recovery

Use in Cases:

- Advanced bodybuilders in growth or recomp cycles
- Post-injury muscle restoration
- Stacked with PEG-MGF, MK-677, or anabolic steroids

MK-677 (Ibutamoren) – GH Release and Muscle Preservation

Why it works:

MK-677 Enhances:

- Natural GH and IGF-1 release
- Muscle preservation during cuts or injury
- Deep sleep quality and recovery
- Fat metabolism and nutrient partitioning

Use Cases:


- Preserving muscle during a cutting cycle r injury
- Enhancing recovery and performance
- Long-term GH support without injections
- Stacked with HGH or TB-500

Melanotan II

Mechanism – Melanotan II stimulates melanocortin-1 receptors, increasing melanin production in the skin.



PT-141 (Bremelanotide)

- Mechanism – PT-141 was derived from Melanotan II to specifically target melanocortin-4 receptors, which play a role in sexual desire.
 - Uses – FDA-approved under the brand name Vyleesi for treating hypoactive sexual desire disorder (HSDD) in premenopausal women.
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Key Distinction

Melanotan II → Primarily used for tanning, unregulated, and sold in research markets.

PT-141 → A medically approved drug targeting female sexual dysfunction, with established clinical guidelines


Retatrutide

Retatrutide is being called a “triple agonist” because it activates GLP-1, GIP, and glucagon receptors.



Semax

Semax is a synthetic peptide derived from the adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH) fragment Met-Glu-His-Phe-Pro-Gly-Pro. Unlike ACTH itself, it does not stimulate cortisol release



How Semax Works

Neurotrophic factor modulation:

Neuroprotection during stress

Dopaminergic and serotonergic effects:

Anti-inflammatory properties:



Thank you!

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